

## PRINCIPLE

Sodium is estimated by colorimetric Trinders method. Sodium reacts with selective Chromogen producing chromophore. The intensity of the colour is directly proportional to the sodium concentration in the specimen and is measured photometrically at (600-650nm).

## CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Sodium is the major extracellular cation. Sodium with its associated cations provides the bulk of osmotically active solute in the plasma thus affecting the distribution of body water significantly. A shift of the Sodium into the cells or a decrease of the extracellular fluid volume, affects circulation, renal function and nervous system function. Elevated sodium levels are associated with dehydration, central nervous systems trauma and hyperadrenocorticism or dehydration. While low sodium levels are found during hypoadrenalism, severe pylori, metabolic acidosis, diarrhoea and renal disease.

## SAMPLE COLLECTION & STORAGE

Serum is preferred  
Lipemic/Icteric sample should be avoided.

## PRECAUTIONS

Sodium kit is for invitro diagnostic use only.  
Bring reagents to room temperature before use.

Glassware should be washed with Nitric acid and rinsed with high purity dist. water to avoid contamination due to detergents etc.

## KIT CONTENTS & STORAGE

	2x25ml	15 Tests
Reagent	2	1
Standard (140 mmol/L)	1	1

All reagents are to be stored at 2-8°C and stable till expiry date mentioned.

## REAGENT PREPARATION

All reagents are ready to use.

## GENERAL INSTRUMENT PARAMETERS

Reaction type	End point
Wave length	(600-650nm)
Flow cell temp.	30°C
Reagent volume	1.0 ml
Sample volume	10 µl
Standard concentration	140 mmol/L
Units	mmol/L
Incubation	5 minutes
Zero setting	Reagent blank
Path length	1.0 cm

Pipette in a clean dry test tubes labeled as Blank (B) Standard (S) and Test (T)

	Blank	Standard	Test
Reagent	1.0 ml	1.0 ml	1.0 ml
Standard		10 µl	
Sample			10 µl

Mix well and incubate at RT for 5 minutes and record the absorbance of Blank, Standard, Test with at 620 nm (600-650) at 5 mins.

## CALCULATIONS

$$\text{Conc. of sodium in serum (mmol/L)} = \frac{\text{Abs. of test} - \text{Abs. of blank}}{\text{Abs. of std} - \text{Abs. of blank}} \times 140 \text{ mmol/L}$$

## LINEARITY

This method is linear up to 200 mmol/L. Samples exceeding linearity should be diluted and re-assayed. The result has to be multiplied by the dilution factor.

## NORMAL RANGE

135 -155 mmol/L

Due to variation in inter-laboratory assay conditions, instruments and demography. It is recommended that each laboratory should establish its own normal range.

## Indications of Reagent Deterioration.

Blank absorbance limit ≤ 1.500

Failure to recover control values within the acceptable range.

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	Attention, see instructions for use		Consult Instructions For Use
	For in vitro diagnostic use only		Catalog #
	Store between 2-8°C		Lot Number
	Do not use if package is damaged		Date of Manufacturing
	Manufacturer		Use by